

Read to Write: Progression Overview Counts in Year 6

A	B	C	D	E	F
Vehicle Text					
Rose Blanche	A Story Like the Wind	The Origin of the Species	Wolves	Hansel and Gretel	Shackleton's Journey
Writing Outcome & Writing Purpose					
Recount: Diary Purpose: To recount	Narrative: Flashback Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Discovery Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Recount: First Person Narrative Purpose: To narrate Discussion: Balanced Argument Purpose: To discuss	Narrative: Dual Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Endurance Narrative Purpose: To narrate
Recount: Bravery Speech Award Purpose: To recount & inform (hybrid)	Recount: Newspaper Report Purpose: To recount	Explanation: Adaptation Purpose: To explain	Information Text: Wolves Purpose: To inform Narrative: Suspense Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Persuasion: Letter Purpose: To persuade	Recount: Magazine Article Purpose: To recount
Grammar: Word					
Build on previous year & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal and informal vocabulary choices	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing - informality of direct quote contrasting with formality of vocabulary choices	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – technical vocabulary and precise use of nouns, verbs and adjectives to add to formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone
Grammar: Sentence					
Build on previous year & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal - use of question tags in informal speech	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence The use of question tags in informal speech	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal speech in writing –the use of the subjunctive form in some very formal speech and writing Wish – if I were...	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence
Grammar: Text					

Build on previous year & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – repetition and ellipsis Use headings, sub-headings, columns and captions to structure information	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices Use headings and sub-headings to structure information	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs, using a wider range of cohesive devices eg. the use of conjunctions, adverbials, pronouns and synonyms Use of headings, sub-headings and bullets to structure texts	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – adverbials Use headings and sub-headings to structure text	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – pronouns
Grammar: Punctuation					
Build on previous year & focus on: Colons to introduce a list and semi-colons for more elaborate lists Use commas, brackets and dashes for parenthesis Semi-colon to separate two main clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Use dashes, brackets and semi-colons to punctuate sentences precisely to enhance meaning Use range of punctuation taught at KS2 (Speech punctuation)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use dashes, brackets and semi-colons to punctuate sentences precisely to enhance meaning Use range of punctuation taught at KS2 (Speech punctuation)	Build on previous units & focus on: Colon to introduce a list and semi-colons for more elaborate lists Use commas to punctuate relative clauses Speech punctuation Use the semi-colon as the boundary between independent clauses Punctuation of bullet points Hyphens used to avoid ambiguity	Build on previous units & focus on: Use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity: Used as a break in a sentence, after a fronted adverbial, separate items in a list and parenthesis Using semi-colons as boundaries between independent clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Use the semi-colon as the boundary between independent clauses Hyphens are used to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity
Terminology for Pupils					
subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points					